

## **STORMPRO SYSTEM MAINTENANCE**

### **1.0 STORMPRO DESCRIPTION/THEORY OF OPERATION**

- 1.1 The StormPro System is manufactured from concrete. There are no moving parts thus it is not subject to mechanical failure.
- 1.2 The StormPro System consists of a single structure split into two chambers by a baffle wall. There is an interconnecting bypass pipe between these two chambers. The first chamber has a separation slab that extends the width of the chamber and for approximately 85% of the length of the first chamber. The second chamber has an anti-scour vane in it that extends part way from the three walls (horseshoe shape) of the chamber but not the baffle wall.
- 1.3 Stormwater runoff enters the first chamber. Sediment settles out in this chamber and floatables (oils and litter) are hydraulically trapped in this chamber. The stormwater passes over and then under the separation slab in the first chamber before passing through opening(s), located below the dry weather water surface elevation, in the baffle wall to the second chamber where the treated water diverts up past the anti-scour vane to the outlet.
- 1.4 The StormPro System sump dry weather water depth is approximately 3' – 6' dependent on the project requirements and the specific StormPro Model. The sump can be accessed from a standard vacuum truck (13' lift).
- 1.5 Maintenance access is through cast iron frames with vented covers or hatches that are provided, generally three per structure, in the StormPro System roof.
- 1.6 The most common cause of poor performance of the StormPro System is lack of maintenance. The StormPro System removes pollution from the environment. If this pollution is not routinely removed the effectiveness of the StormPro System may be compromised. The following are things that trigger the need for maintenance and the consequences of not completing the maintenance.

- 1.6.1 Sediment build-up in the chambers. As the sediment level increases past the recommended maintenance interval, less sediment may be removed. Additionally a large storm could also cause entrainment of some of the sediment that was already captured.
- 1.6.2 Excess floatables in the chambers – Similar to sediment build-up, floatables (oil and litter) build-up past the recommended maintenance level and risk downstream release of future floatables entering the StormPro System.
- 1.6.3 Obstructed piping/baffles due to improper maintenance and removal of floating debris – If the piping or baffles become obstructed flooding may occur upstream of the StormPro System. In addition, as with most buried structures, the vented covers could be moved out of position during extreme flooding conditions.

## **2.0 TRAINING MATERIAL**

- 2.1 Other than this procedure and the specific project data there is currently no other training media (e.g., videos). This document along with the project specific data captures the maintenance procedure and training. Maintenance questions can be answered by calling Environment 21 at 800-809-2801.

## **3.0 SAFETY**

- 3.1 Safety is a priority and the most stringent of regulations (local, OSHA, etc.) should be followed while performing maintenance on StormPro System.
- 3.2 An advantage of the design of the StormPro System is such that all of the maintenance may be completed without entry. In the remote chance that entry into the StormPro System is required refer to regulations (local, OSHA, etc.) for requirements and definitions.
- 3.3 A running inventory of all tools and equipment used for completion of this procedure should be maintained while performing maintenance on the StormPro System. Some of the recommended tools are a flood light, proper lifting and rigging equipment, and an unbending measuring rod (increments in inches marked on the rod) that will reach the floor of the

StormPro System and still extend a minimum of 2' above the cast iron access frame.

- 3.4 The StormPro System has cast iron access frames with vented covers or hatches, which provide access to all of the StormPro System. The openings are normally at ground level so the work area should be staged properly with safeguards to prevent anyone or anything from inadvertently falling through an opening in the StormPro System.
- 3.5 After maintenance has been completed on the StormPro System, the cast iron vented covers or hatches should be set securely in place, all materials and equipment should be removed, and the area should be cleared of slip and trip hazards.

#### **4.0 RECOMMENDED MAINTENANCE FREQUENCY**

- 4.1 The recommended maintenance practice for the StormPro System is to initially plan on quarterly inspections and an annual pump-out. After experience is gained the schedule can be more accurately determined.
- 4.2 Environment 21 recommends that the StormPro System should be pumped out when the sediment depth in the first chamber is at 50% of the design sediment storage depth or, minimally, once per year. Refer to the project design package for the storage depth.
- 4.3 Oil sheen and floating debris will be retained in the first chamber of the StormPro System. Annual accumulation of floatables is estimated at less than 0.50 inches but is site dependent.

#### **5.0 INSPECTION**

- 5.1 The most common cause of StormPro System failure is lack of inspection and maintenance. In addition to StormPro System internal inspections, frequent site inspections should be conducted. These frequent site inspections are recommended as visual only and do not require tools or equipment and do not require removal of the vented covers. Things to look for during these inspections are flooding at catch basins upstream of the StormPro System, unexpected loss of outlet flow, out of place vented covers and downstream pollution (oil sheen, litter, etc.).

- 5.2 Refer to previous sections of this procedure as required for the internal inspection of the StormPro System.
- 5.3 Remove one of the cast iron vented covers or hatches of the StormPro System. The floatables observation and measurement can be obtained from all access points into the first chamber.
- 5.4 Illuminate the water surface in the first stage of the StormPro System while gently stirring the floatables to estimate the depth. Obtain a sample of the floatables, water, or sediment, if required to determine disposal. The depth of the oil sheen and floating debris will typically be less than one inch and can be skimmed from the surface prior to the pump-out of the sediment. Organic debris that has become waterlogged and settled to the floor is expected to be present in relatively small quantities that will be removed during the pump out of the mineral sediment.
- 5.5 Inspect all surfaces, which can be seen, of the StormPro System for wear (e.g., cracking, spalling, etc.). Also, examine the internal bypass pipe for wear, blockage and damage (cracks, etc.). Report signs of degradation to the proper authorities (i.e., owner, municipality, etc.) as required.
- 5.6 The separation slab in the first chamber can be opened (hinged covers) or has plugs with recessed bales that can be accessed from the cast iron vented covers or hatches in the first chamber. (NOTE: If there is enough sediment on the separation that it makes it too difficult to access the area below the separation slab for maintenance, stop the inspection and plan on immediate pump-out of the StormPro – Section 6.0.) Lower the measuring rod into the StormPro System until a slight resistance to movement occurs; the rod is now at the top of the sediment pile. Obtain a sight measurement by sighting the rod measuring increments to a point on the cover frame. This is measurement A.
- 5.7 Twist the measuring rod into the sediment pile until the measuring rod is on the floor (verify the expected level using project submittal drawings). Obtain a sight measurement by sighting the rod increments to the same point on the access frame as was used in step 5.6. This is measurement B.
- 5.8 Refer to the Environment 21 system specific design package for the design sediment storage depth. This is measurement C.

5.9 Plug the numbers obtained from the previous three steps into the following equation:

$(B - A)/C$ . Multiply the answer by 100 to obtain the percent full sediment depth of the StormPro System.

5.10 Complete Steps 5.2 through 5.9 for the second chamber of the StormPro System.

## 6.0 CORRECTIVE ACTIONS

6.1 Contact the following for approval and notification of the intent to pump out the StormPro System:

6.1.1 Obtain permission from the Owner to pump out the contents of the StormPro System.

6.1.2 Verify disposal requirements with the local regulatory agency

6.2 Obtain a standard truck-mounted sewer and catch basin cleaner with positive displacement rotary lobe vacuum pumps or other acceptable pump-out equipment.

6.3 Using the pump-out equipment remove the floatables and hydrocarbons from the StormPro System. Segregate this waste from the sediment and water as required.

6.4 Using the pump-out equipment remove the standing water and sediment from the StormPro System. Segregate this waste from the hydrocarbons and floatables as required.

6.5 Locate and use a water supply to wash down the interior surface of the StormPro System and remove the remaining waste from the bottom of the structure.

6.7 Repeat steps 6.3 through 6.5 for the second chamber of the StormPro System.

6.8 Using a flood light inspect all surfaces, which can be seen, of the StormPro System for wear (e.g., cracking, spalling, etc.). Also, examine the internal pipe for wear, blockage and damage (cracks, etc.). Report

signs of degradation to the proper authorities (i.e., owner, municipality, etc.) as required.

- 6.9 It is recommended to refill the StormPro System with clean water to the inlet/outlet pipe invert elevation.
- 6.10 Properly dispose of the waste removed from StormPro System
- 6.11 Any replacement parts may be obtained locally. Environment 21, LLC should be contacted if any repairs or replacement of parts are required so the correct repairs and parts may be obtained.

## **7.0 SECURING THE AREA**

- 7.1 Verify that no personnel, tools or equipment are in the StormPro System.
- 7.2 Inspect the cast iron access frames and covers or hatches for damage (e.g., cracks, excessive wear, etc.).
- 7.3 Clear the cast iron access frames or hatches of any extraneous material and carefully replace the cast iron vented covers or hatches using proper lifting and rigging equipment. Verify that the covers are properly seated.
- 7.4 Remove the site set-up (tools, equipment, etc.) and verify the work area has been returned to its pre-work, or better, condition.
- 7.5 Complete an inventory of all tools and equipment used for this work, accounting for lost, damaged, or stolen tools or equipment.

## **8.0 RECORD KEEPING**

- 8.1 Maintenance is a very important aspect in keeping the StormPro System performance up to par. The attached "StormPro SYSTEM MAINTENANCE DATA SHEET" is provided and should be used to document the maintenance performed on the StormPro System.
- 8.2 Provide a copy of the "StormPro SYSTEM MAINTENANCE DATA SHEET" to the owner, required government agencies, and Environment 21, LLC (P.O. Box 55, East Pembroke, NY 14056-1055).





## STORMPRO SYSTEM MAINTENANCE DATA SHEET

STRUCTURE NO.: \_\_\_\_\_

ADDRESS: \_\_\_\_\_

OWNER: \_\_\_\_\_

StormPro MODEL \_\_\_\_\_

DATE INSTALLED: \_\_\_\_\_

MUNICIPALITY: \_\_\_\_\_

DATE	SEDIMENT PILE DEPTH 1st Chamber	OIL SHEEN YES/NO 1st Chamber	SEDIMENT PILE DEPTH 2nd Chamber	PUMPOUT REQ. YES/NO	SAMPLED YES/NO	SAMPLE RESULTS

### PUMPOUT DATA (IF APPLICABLE)

DATE	SEDIMENT VOLUME REMOVED	FLOATABLES VOLUME REMOVED	DISPOSAL INFORMATION	
			SEDIMENT	FLOATABLE:



### PRIOR TO START OF WORK

OWNER NOTIFIED AS REQUIRED.

LOCAL AGENCIES NOTIFIED AS REQUIRED.

### INSPECTION

#### PIPING

YES

NO

ANY VISIBLE CRACKS/DAMAGE

ANY VISIBLE DISPLACEMENT/LEAKS

ANY VISIBLE OBSTRUCTIONS

#### STRUCTURE

YES

NO

ANY VISIBLE CRACKS/SPALLING/DAMAGE

ANY VISIBLE LEAKS

ANY VISIBLE SURFACE WEAR





**VENTED COVERS/FRAMES**

**YES NO**

ANY VISIBLE CRACKS/DAMAGE

ANY VISIBLE SEAT SURFACE OBSTRUCTIONS

WERE COVERS PROPERLY SEATED AS FOUND

**AFTER WORK COMPLETION**

ALL CAST IRON COVERS HAVE BEEN PROPERLY REPLACED.

NO HAZARDOUS CONDITIONS EXIST AS A RESULT OF THE MAINTENANCE WORK.

ALL PPE, TOOLS, AND EQUIPMENT HAVE BEEN INVENTORIED AND REMOVED FROM THE SITE.

THE WORK AREA HAS BEEN RETURNED TO A SAFE PRE-WORK CONDITION.

ALL NOTIFICATIONS HAVE BEEN MADE, AS REQUIRED, THAT THE WORK IS COMPLETED.

CORRECTIVE ACTIONS TAKEN: \_\_\_\_\_

\_\_\_\_\_

\_\_\_\_\_

**DATE:** \_\_\_\_\_

**SIGNATURE:** \_\_\_\_\_